

AM/PM Core
Teacher: _____

Name _____
Date _____

The Early Hebrews
Chapter 8, Section 1
Pages 226-231

Vocabulary

Judaism - _____
Abraham - _____
Moses - _____
Exodus - _____
Ten Commandments - _____
David - _____
Solomon - _____
Diaspora - _____

I. The Early Hebrews

A. Abraham and Moses lead the Hebrews

1. Early Hebrews were _____ who developed a culture that became a _____ on later civilizations.
2. We know about early Hebrews from the work of _____ and from written accounts of _____.
3. These written accounts became the _____, also called the Torah (see sec. 2).

The Beginnings in Canaan and Egypt

4. Why did Moses leave his home in Mesopotamia? _____
5. Moses and his descendants lived in _____, near the _____ Sea.
6. Why did the Hebrews leave their homeland? _____
7. Why did Egypt's Pharaoh make the Hebrews slaves? _____

The Exodus

8. What were the events that led to the Exodus?
 - a. _____
 - b. _____
 - c. _____

9. What is the significance of the Exodus story?

10. On their way back to Canaan, the Hebrews reached a mountain called _____, where Moses received the _____. These were moral _____ in which the Hebrews agreed to worship one _____, and to value _____, _____ - _____, and _____.

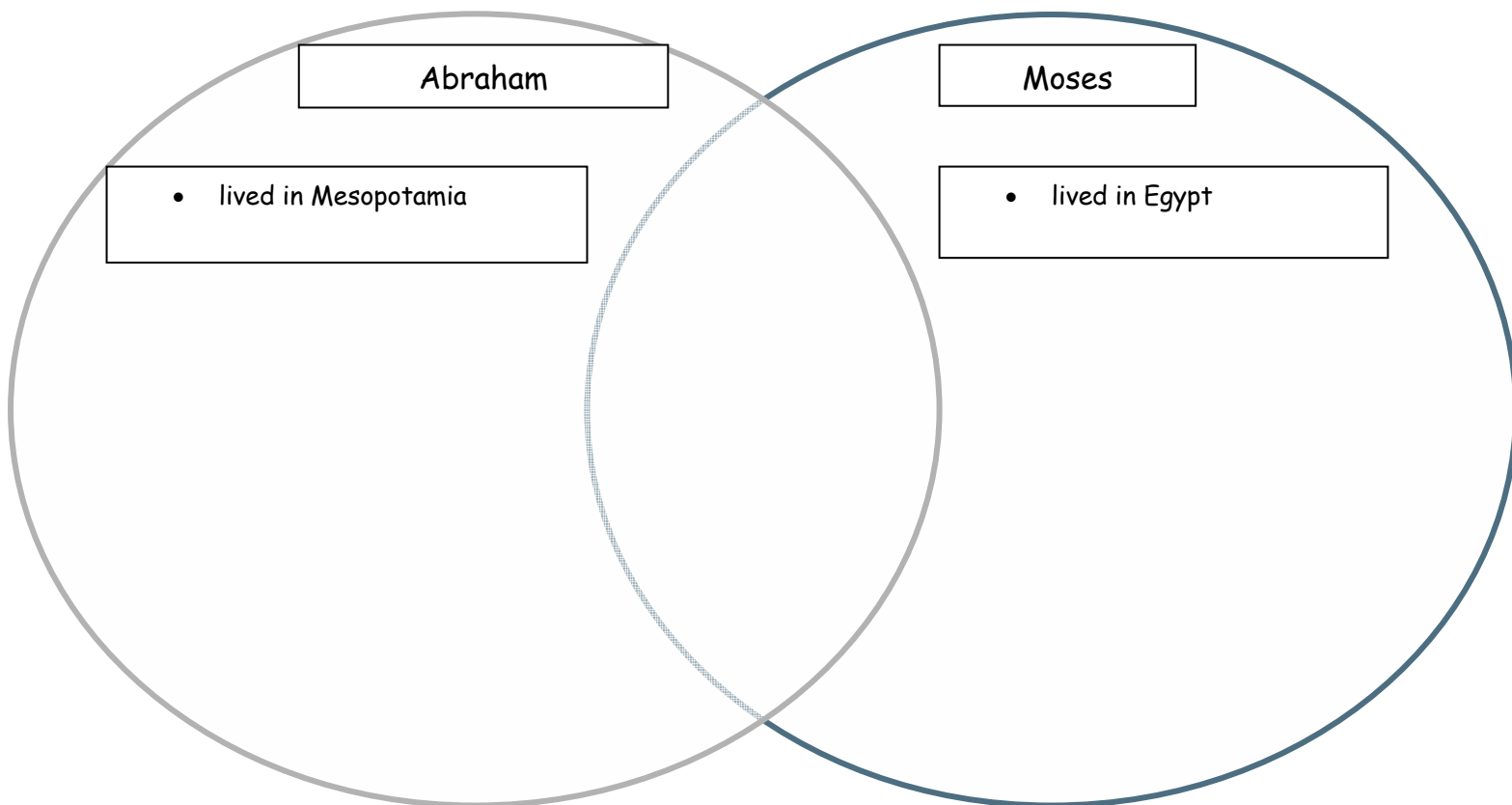
The Return to Canaan

11. According to the Bible, how long did it take the Hebrews to finally return to Canaan? _____

12. During this time, the Hebrews became known as _____, and they lived in small independent tribal _____.

Compare/Contrast

Complete the Venn Diagram below to compare and contrast the significance of Abraham and Moses in Jewish history and to the development of Judaism.



B. Kings Unite the Israelites

13. What group of people invaded Israelite lands in the mid-1000s B.C.?

14. How did the Israelites respond to this invasion?

King David

15. How did David become king?

16. Why is David important in the history of Judaism?

King Solomon

17. How and when did Solomon become king?

18. How is Solomon remembered?

19. Which of today's Middle East countries would be included in Solomon's lands? (See p. R35)

Summarizing: Early Israelite Kings

Complete the table by listing information on each King. Create a slogan or catch phrase that sums up the importance of each king. Choose **one** king and write a summary paragraph about him on the lines below.

	Saul	David	Solomon
Characteristics			
Achievements			
Slogan			

C. Invaders Conquer and Rule

20. Why did Israel split into two kingdoms?

21. The people of Judah became known as _____.

22. Look at the map of Israel and Judah on p. 230. How did the size of these two kingdoms compare to the size of Solomon's kingdom? _____

The Scattering of the Jews

23. What events led to the Diaspora?

24. What became of the Jews who chose not to leave Canaan?

Independence and Conquest

25. Why are the Maccabees important? _____

26. How did Yohanan ben Zaccai contribute to the development of Judaism?

27. The _____ conquered the Jews in 63 B.C.

28. How did Roman rule affect Jewish society?

D. Women in Hebrew Society

29. What was life like for most Hebrew women? _____

30. How could women gain power in Hebrew society? _____

31. What lessons might the story of Naomi and Ruth teach? _____

32. Why is Ruth significant in Hebrew history? _____
